STOCKS IGNORE BAD NEWS.

A SMALL SHIPMENT OF GOLD.

GLOOMY LONDON ADVICES CAUSE LITTLE DE-

PRESION-BANKS IN THE WEST. Affairs remained quiet in Wall Street yesterday, and the security markets showed a considerable degree of steadiness in the face of adverse influences and unfavorable news. At the Stock Exchange the cessation of compulsory liquidation on a large scale neouraged the bull traders to work for a raily, but long stocks came out on very improvement and the sales imparted an irregular aspect to the stock market. Although no local boubles were developed, the incidents of the day were not of a cheering character, and the sentiment among conservative bankers remained at some transfer. mained strongly conservative.

The monetary situation abrend is a suming fresh importance as it relates to home affairs. The cables announced that the Imperial Bank of Germany had advanced its discount rate from 3 per cent to 4 per cent. This is accepted as a positive indication of a d-termination of the Continental European banks to withhold their gold from London, and hence the Bank of England will be forced to turn to the American market for supplies. Private discount rates in Lon rose to 334 per cent, an excess of 14 per cent over the bank's rate of discount. The Bank of England lost nearly £500,000 bullion on balance, repenting shipments of gold to Australia. London advices were gloomy, seven "jobbing" brokers having been in default on the fortnightly settlement. These flures are comparatively unimportant, but they compelled to carry through some of the bills in the American rallway shares department, and there were rumors affecting a house which has been dealing in Greek securities. Amazement is shown here at the comparative strength of American stocks in London amid the gloomy atmosphere at that financial

The foreign exchanges here are about back to the rates which ruled in the importers' panic in the latter part of April. Posted rates for sterling exchange advanced to \$4 862.84 90, and actual business done within a clese range to these figures. The tates on sterling tills now show a margin of profit on gold shipments to London of about 12 cent to pound sterling. There is a strong demand for both sixty-day bills and sight drafts. Bankers do believe that these rates will be maintained without leading to heavy exports of gold by London These houses have heretofore thrown the enus of gold exports upon fems with close Continental connections, but the French and German banks are protecting their stores of gold with higher rates for money, so that it is impracticable to make exchange transactions that permit London to draw from tinent specie which had been received fro long as possible the necessity of shipping the vellow metal directly to England, but it is feared that the strength of sterling exchange will compel large shipments next week. There will be shipped to-day \$500,000 gold on the French steamer La ogne, but this sum has been in the hands of bankers, and therefore its export represents no new loss to the Sub-Treasury. If the gold movement reaches large proportions next week the Treasury will lose unless the city banks consent to a partial depletion of their reserves. Disquieting rumors came from Washington ye

day respecting a proposed examination of four New-York banks, which, it was said, had been ordered ty James H. Eckels, Controller of the Currency The reports were subsequently denied. William H. Kimball, National Brok Examiner for this district, sold that he had received no instructions from the Controller, and had no reason to expect any. Mr. Kimball said that he believed the New-York banks were in an unusually sound and strong condition. Prominent members of the Clearing House emphatically denied that there was any reason for suspecting weakness among any of the city banks. The conservative course of these institutions has forticonservative course of these institutions has fortified them to an extent that they are not likely to suffer, even should there be further bank suspensions at the West. Bankers say they are not building up any false hopes or delusions, but are satisfied from personal knowledge of the strength and soundness of the financial institutions of the city.

The adversar vessels. "The men on the Paliadelphia are sassy, the best of the lot, the Atlanta's men are sassy, the Bancroft's men are soft pickings, the men on the Vesuvius don't know an honest boatman when they see one, and the Bennington's men would take first place if it were not for the Philadelphia."

It was reported yesterday that several cases of smallpox had broken out on some of the loreign vessels, but the officers of these vessels dealed the remainder. The advices from Chicago, however, indicate that the collapse of the Columbia National Bank of that

city will have far-reaching results at the West. This is because of the reprehensible methods of Zimri Dwiggins, president of the Columbia, and his assoch were described in The Tribune yesterday. The chain of country banks which the Dwiggins syndicate built up around the Columbia has been badly broken by the fallure of the central institution. deposits of these related concerns have impaired their real strength may only be revealed by investigation there will be widely distributed losses in the Little dicate created many fictitious assets it is believed that most of the failures resulting from the collapse of the Columbia National will be bad ones. The East, however, will not suffer from the exposures. The damage will fall upon the Western communities that may have been deluded by the Dwiggins schemes of manufacturing cash and crefit out of stationery and painted signs. Bankers say that the failures of this sort may do comparatively little injury to the legitimate business interests at the West, but general regret is felt at the hurt to confidence which may be caused by the tumb'ing down of the Dwiggins houses

Up to the close of business vesterday news had been received of the suspension of seven small State cago suspension. Four of these concerns were in Indiana, two in Michigan and one in Ohio, the latter being a private banking house run under the name of Dwiggins, Starbuck & Co. Some bankers here yesterday had a list compiled of the State banks or banking houses in the West which had connections if sent by mail to Great Britain, will not be de with the Columbia National Eank of Chicago, the There are forty-nine concerns of this sort in Indiana, figs, figcakes, dried plume, prunes, raisins and apri Snancial mortality among these, it is feared, will be playing cards and transparent scap, in the manu heavy. The concerns that went up yesterday as a facture of which alcohol is used. State Bank of Russiaville, Ind.; the Farmers' Bank, of Greentown, Ind.; the Geneva Bank, of Geneva, Ind.; Dwiggins, Starbuck & Co., of Williamsburg, Ohio; Tom British mails. the Bank of Charlevoix, of Charlevoix, Mich., and the

The stock market at the Stock Exchange was for ess active than on the previous days of the week, tions came above yesterday's New-York parity, to the surprise of most persons. The contrast of prices with the depressing advices from London created the suspicion of manipulation from New-York. The home market showed some early declines, but soon railied and made a general advance. But in the majority of instances first prices were virtually the best of the day. There was quiet selling credited to London account through the day, and the speculation developed increased friegularity near the close. St. Paul common stock continued to be the leader in point of activity and opening up 7-s per cent at 71.5-s, receded to 70.3-a.71. Rock Island rose 1.2 per cent to 72.7-s and declined to 71.1-a.71.5-s. Chicago, Burffafton and Quincy gained 1.8 at 86.1-2, but later soid at 85.1-8.8.85.3-s. Northern Pacific preferred at 84.5-8.8.3.3-s. Northern Pacific preferred at 84.5-8.8.3.3-s. Northern Pacific preferred at 84.5-8.8.1.2 to 137. Distilling and Cattle Feeding, on renewed gossip about a receiver-reside full from 138.1-2 to 137. Distilling and Cattle Feeding, on renewed gossip about a receiver-reside full from 138.1-2 to 137. Distilling and Cattle Feeding, on renewed gossip about a receiver-reside full from 138.1-2 to 137. Distilling and Cattle Feeding, on renewed gossip about a receiver-residence. surprise of most persons. The contrast of prices with

cent to \$41-4, but dropped to \$25-8, ending at \$34-8. Lackawanna fell from 138-12 to 137. Distilling and Cattle Feeding, on renewed gosslp about a receivership, fell from 195-8 to 16, and then railied to 175-8. American Sugar Refining ranged from \$5-3-4a-86-14 to \$4-2a-84-7-8. National Cordage went from 121-2 to \$11-2. General Electric sold at 75a-73-1-4a-74. Chicago Gas sold at 74, after sales at 72, ending 1-4 per cent better at 731-4. Manhattan rose 31-4 per cent to 135-1-4, but declined to 133-1-4. Small net gains were scored by Atchison. Eric. Louisville and Nashville, Missouri Pacific and Union Pacific. United States, Rubber jumped up over 8 points and American Cotton Oil rose more than 1 per cent.

The bulls in the Sirect are encered by the announcement that Addison Cammack has closed out his short contracts and intends to start for Chicago to-day, to be gone a month. Mr. Cammack is credited with having made a handsome fortune on the year's bear campaign, which his friends say was the quickest, most ancessful and most profitable one of his career. There was not a failure or default among the brokers from whom he had borrowed his stocks, pending final delivery, or with whom his money lay. W. B. Wheeler, who has successfully aperated on the bear side for his own account, went out of town on Thursdey to be gone a month or more.

MORE RECEIVERS FOR CORDAGE ASSETS, Judge Lacombe in the United States Circuit Court Pesterday appointed Charles H. Pearson and James
P. Stearns, of Brookline, Mass., receivers for the property in this State of the Standard Cordage Company,
the Boston Cordage Company, the Sewall & Day

HODGMAN'S MACKINTOSHES

Fashionable and Useful. Adl. Finh Ave. Hetel.

orporations are part of the National Cordage Com-

Judge Wallace in the same court has signed an order allowing William Deering, of William Deering & Co., Chicago, to bring sult against E. F. C. Young and G. Weaver Loper, receivers of the National Cordage Company, to recover goods in their possession. Deering makes affidavit that he bought 3,500 tons of sisal hemp, worth \$364. 450, and 300 tons of mantla hemp, worth \$38,415 from the company, and gave the order that all be made into twine. The price to be paid for this was \$114,000. Besides, he delivered to the company other homp worth \$41,000, which was also to be made into twine. He says he cannot get possession of this hemp now, although he offers to pay the sum due for the manufacture of the twine. No statement has been issued by the receivers of the National Cordage Company yet.

THE BIG JEAN BART LEAVES THE FLEET.

HERALD" PRIZES DISTRIBUTED-ENTERTAINED BY GERMAN OFFICERS.

That ugly but much-admired monster of the sea, he Jean Bart, left the fleet in the North River yesterday, and is now on the way to Havana. At 2 o'clock the boatswaln's mate piped all ashore, and the many who had come to bid farewell to the big French warship reluctantly said goodby and went to Then black smoke came from the funnels, and the pride of the French Navy was under way. As the passed down the river a mighty cheer went up from the American, Russian, Italian and Brazilian vessels, and the usual salute was given from the flag-

The Jean Bart received sailing orders on Thursday, and when it was announced that she was to sail yeserday there were many regrets from the men and officers of the other vessels of the fleet, for the interesting and polite sailors and officers of the Jean Bart had made many friends. When the ve-sel passed Governor's Island a salute of eighteen guns was given her. The Herald" prizes which were won on Thursday in the rowing races were given to the winners yesterday. For the first race the winning crew the Newark received \$130; the second prize of \$65 went to the crew from the Bancroft, and the third

the crew from the Vesuvius, the second of \$22 to the Baltimore, and the third, \$13, to the Vesuvius. The Bancroft went to the Navy Yard to have are expected to start either to-day or Monday, and the other vessels are waiting for sailing orders. Last night the officers of the Newark were entertained at dinner on board the Kalserin Augusta by the officers

prize of \$26 to the crew from the Philadelphia. In

the second race the first prize of \$35 was given to

Since the English vessels sailed the number of visitors to the warships has not been so large, and the grumbling boatmen have advanced their prices. They lowered their rates a week ago, when they saw that public opinion was against them, but now it for one hour. Visitors to the Newark were much in-terested yesterday in a fine photograph of H. M. S. Australia, which the officers of that vessel gave to the officers of the Newark on Wednesday. The officers of these two vessels are all well acquainted having been together at Cadiz, Cartagena, Genoa and Hampton Roads. The courtesy was returned by the Newark's officers in a similar manner by giving t the Australia a framed photograph of the American

of the officers and sailors of some of the different American vessels: "The men on the Philadelphia are

port.

Captain Buechsel, of the Kaiserin Augusta, called on Mayor Gilroy at the City Hall yesterday to say goodby. The captain expressed his high appreciation of the hospitality of which he and his rellow-officers had been the recipients during their stay in port. He referred particularly to many courtestes extended by Admiral Gherardi to the foreign officers.

INFLUENCE IN BEHALF OF MAY.

STRONG EFFORTS TO SAVE HIM FROM IMPRISON-MENT.

Strengers effects are being jut forth to save Frederick May from imprisonment for the crime of As the peculiar style of the Dwiggins banking syn- kill him, and there is great likelihood that they will be succe ful. District-Attorney Nicoll said yesterday that he had not made up his mind what to do in the case, but would dispose of it before the summer vacation. He understood that May would plead guilty, as he had no defence whatever to effer. When the case came into court May's counsel would produce letters from ex-Minister Patrick Egan and the officers of several United States men-of-war, showing that the defendant had saved

Mr. Nicoll said that Eliku Root and other me of prominence had spoken to him about May's worthi ness to escape State prison. The entire tone of Mr. Nicoll's remarks was that he was certainly not inclined to be harsh on May, and expected that he would not be severely dealt with.

ARTICLES UNMAILABLE TO ENGLAND.

The British Postoffice has given notice that here after the following articles, even if samples only livered on arrival, but will be turned over to majority of which were started directly by the customs authorities to be disposed of as may be Dwiggins syndicate. The result was astonishing, desued proper: Cocoa, cohe-, chiccory, currants, sixteen in Illinois, eleven in Michigan and nine in cots, pens, tobacco-manufactured or not, includ-Ohio, a total of eighty-five in the four States. The ing cigars, cigarettes and snuff-hydrate of chloral,

The public is therefore cautioned against post Dunkirk Bank, of Dunkirk, Ind.; the Commercial ing any of these articles addressed to Great Britain

RAPTISTS ELECT OFFICERS.

Nashville, Tenn., May 12.-Yesterday the American Baptist Educational Society and the Southern Baptist Educational Conference met in this city. The Edu-

Springfield, Ohio, May 12.-The second day's session of the fifth Scotch-Irish Congress of America convened at the City Hall this morning, with an increase in attendance of delegates, who arrived last evening, the most noted being the Rev. Dr. John Hall, of New-York. President Robert Bonner, of New-York, presided. The session was opened by an orchestral selection, followed by prayer by the Rev. M. Dunlap, of this city. Dr. George McCloskey, of Princeton College, followed in an address on "Joseph Henry," Mrs. Will Cushman, of this city, sang "Kerry Dance." Dr. D. C. Kelly, of Nashville, Tenn., ad-

S. S. S. Cures Malarial Poison

Nature should be assisted to throw of impurities of the Nothing does it so well, so safely or so promptly as Swill's Specific.

LIFE HAD NO CHARMS. For three years I was troubled with malarial poison, which caused my appetite to lail, and I was greatly reduced in fish, and life lost all its charms. I tried mercurial and potash remedies, but to no effect. I could get no relief. I then tried S. S. S. A few bottles of this wonderful medicine made a complete and permanent cure.

dressed the Congress on "Naval Heroes of the Scotch-

PRICES AND NOTES IN THE MARKETS. HOTHOUSE PEACHES AT THE FRUIT STORES-

HUDSON RIVER SALMON. Hothouse peaches, the first of the season, have been on sale during the week at the Broadway fancy fruit stores. They cost the snug little sum of 50 or 60 cents each. From Norfolk and North Carolina there are coming some fine strawberries of the Sharp-less variety, which sell at the fancy fruit stores for 40 and 60 cents a quart box. They are really the only berries reaching this market yet that have come anywhere near being what the public like to see them. Southern berry-growers and shippers have had the most unfavorable season in their experience. Up to date the season has proved one of the worst on record for the growers, shippers and dealers in this favorite fruit. But better things are expected, now that the Norfolk patches are sending their contribu-tions North. Next week strawberries will be coming in from Maryland.

The pineapple season is well under way now, and the arrivals of the fruit from Havana and Florida are heavy. They retail at 20 to 40 cents each. California Bartlett pears are selling for \$2\tilde{a} \approx 2 \tilde{a} < 2 \tilde{b} \tilde{a} \tilde{c} \tilde{c is past and there has been warmth enough to show the exact situation, there is a fine prospect for a crop of peaches in all parts of the United States, something that has not been known before in many

A shad fisherman named Keenan on .Thursday caught in his net off One-hundred-and-fifty-second-st. in the North River, a salmon which weighed 21 3-4 pounds and measured 3 feet and 2 inches, being the largest salmon ever caught in the Hudson. Yesterday Mr. Blackford had on exhibition in Fulton Marke a salmon caught in a trap net off Cape Cod, which weighed twenty-five pounds. "It is only within a few years," said Mr. Blackford, "that the catching of " It is only within a few salmon in the Hudson has become common. Hudson is not a natural salmon stream like the Kennebec and other rivers down East. Salmon eggs. obtained from the United States Fish Commission, were hatched by the State Fish Commission at Cold spring, L. I., about eight years ago, and the fry placed in the Hudson above Mechanicsville. Be-tween 150,000 and 500,000 fry were placed there for the succeeding three years, and you see the good results of this in the beautiful large salmon now found in the Hudson."

especially bluefish, which are selling at 8 to 121-2 cents a pound. Fresh mackerel can be bad for 25 and 40 cents each. Southern Spanish mackerel are 40 cents a pound; striped bass, 18 and 25 cents; blackfish, 15 cents; black bass, 25 cents; cod, 6 to 12 1-2 cents, and brook-trout, 35 cents to \$1. Soft shell crabs, nearly grown, are coming from Maryland and sell for \$1 and \$1 50 a dozen. The crab fishermen of Crisfield and other towns along the Chesapeake report that crabs are extremely scarce this year.

Connecticut River roe shad cost \$1 and the bucks 40 cents; North River roes are 35 to 75 cents and

40 cents; North River roes are 35 to 75 cents and the bucks 20 cents. Long Island kingfish cell for 40 cents a pound; pickerei, 18 cents; live lobsters, 10 and 12 1-2 cents; Kennebec salmon, 75 cents, and Western salmon, 35 cents.

The extraordinarily high price of butter keeps up, and the best Western creamery still retails at 35 to 40 cents a pound. But the wholesale price is falling as the sopply increases and the retail price must follow. Retail butter dealers say that the consumption of batter has fallen off enormously since it became so expensive a luxury. Eggs, however, are cheap, and as many us sixteen can be had for a quarter in some stores.

MR. STARIN COULD NOT BE THERE.

THE RAPID TRANSIT MEETING POSTPONED TILL MONDAY.

Three members of the Rapid Transit Commission net William Steinway, the president, at his house, at No. 26 Gramercy Park, yesterday afterhoon, They were Messes. Inman, Spencer and Bushe. Commis-sioner starin had informed the other commissioners that he could not attend the meeting. The commissioners had intended to meet in executive session, but on account of his inability to be present no usiness was transacted. The representatives of the Manhattan Company were not present. Spencer suggested that the commission meet early on Monday, as he would be obliged to leave the city at 4:30 o'clock that afternoon.

here at noon. We can hold an executive session first and meet the Manhattan representatives after-

"That's a good idea," said Mr. Spencer. "We the neighborhood, and then come back here and meet Barnard College took place yesterday after the Manhattan people."

take luncheon here."

sioners agreed to meet in executive session at neon on Monday, take luncheon in Mr. Steinway's house, made that Barnard had entered into the alliance and at 1 o'clock to meet Controller Myers and the representatives of the Manhattan Company,

Jefferson M. Levy sent a protest to the commissioners against their action "in giving the present Manhattan Reliway an exclusive and prohittive fran-Manhattan Reliway an exclusive and prohittive fran-chise for elevated railroads in New-York City." The people will not, he says, object to the extensions northward or to third tracks in Second and Third aves. The protest is against a third track in Green-wichst, the proposed extensions in South-Stream West-st. "If the West-st, extension is decided on," the protest continues, "I will certainly restrain the building of it, and contest the same to the court of last resort." It is suggested that viaduct roads through the blocks on the East and West sides by constructed.

The General Term of the Supreme Court yesterday handed down a decision reversing the verdict convicting Leonardo Larrubia of murder in the second degree for shooting and killing Vincenzo Riverito in "Bottle Alley," in November, 1891. The shooting was done while a christening party was in progress at No. 47 Baxterest. The prisoner was convicted before Justice Ingraham, in the Court of Oyer and Terminer, and sentenced to imprisonment for life.

The conviction is reversed on the ground of error on the part of the trial judge in allowing a jurer to remain in the box who had declared several times that he was greatly prejudiced against a man who carried a pistol. This juror also asserted that he was not a resident of this State, and that he claimed Ohio as the State in which he lived.

MOCK OPERA AT GARDEN CITY.

The musical youngsters of St. Paul's School, at Garden City. L. L. will give a repetition of their performance of the laughable buriesque on Italian opera written by Henry E. Hard, one of the teachers of the school. Mr. Hard is a bright young mufcian, who has injected lots of fun into the music and words of his "take off" on "Il Trovatore," in which New-York Alder men, policemen and other well-known operation characters appear. The boys have been thoroughly drilled and enter into their parts heart and soul. The performance will be given this afternoon, and many New-York friends of the Cathedral School will go down on the train which leaves Thirty-fourth-st.

IMMIGRANTS SWINDLED BY AN EXPRESSMAN

There is an expressman in New York who has all the rapacity of a Niagara Falls backman. He is still at large, too. Yesterday this man took on im-migrant and his family to Brooklyn in-tend of to the Norwich Line pier, and charged \$5 for the service. After wandering about la Brooklyn for half a day the immigrant found his way back to Ellis Island and complained to Dr. Senner. The ex-pressman cannot be found.

A STREET RAILWAY LEASED.

The stockholders of the Metropolitan Cross-Town Rallway Company held a special meeting yesterday morning at No. 761 Seventh-ave., and tathed the action of the directors in recommending the leasing street and Grand Street Ferry Railway. This puts has already been raised. The work will be completed in Oct-ber. the railway under control of the Metropolitan Traction Company, of which John D. Crimmins is president.

York, Philadelph a, Baltimore and Washington.

Beginning May 14th, 1893, trains will leave New-York, Station Central R. R. of New-Jersey, 100 Liberty Street, for Philadelphia at 8:00 (fast express) 9:00, 10:00, 11:30 A. M., 1:30, 2:15, 3:30, 4:00, 5:00, 6:90, 7:30 P. M., 12:15 Mdt. Sundays—9:00, 10:30, 11:30 A. M., 1:30, 3:30, 5:00, 6:00 P. M., 12:15 Mdt.

P. Stearns, of Brookline, Mass, receivers for the property in this State of the Standard Cordage Company, the Boston Cordage Company, the Sewall & Day Cordage Company and the Chelsea Cordage Company, all of Massachusetts. These men are already the receivers of these companies in Massachusetts. The SWIFT SPECIFIC CO., Atlanta, Ga.

The proposition of the property in this State of the Standard Cordage Company, the Sewall & Day Cordage Company, and I now enjoy better health than ever.

J. A. RICE, Ottawa, Kan.

Our book on Blood and Skin Diseases malled free.

SWIFT SPECIFIC CO., Atlanta, Ga.

A Safe Tip for Smokers buy the purest and best Cigarettes-Old minion. Photograph in every package.

THE COURTS.

A DEFEAT FOR ARCHBISHOP CORRIGAN. Archbishop Corrigan has been defeated by the General Term of the Supreme Court in his claim to title to thirty lots in One-hundred and fifty sixthst., near Boston Road. The land was deeded to Archbishop Hughes, on September 19, 1862, by Mrs. Mary McDonough Davy, for a nominal consideration. The deed contained a condition that it was to be void unless the ground was consecrated and a church was erected on it "within a reasonable time." condition has never been fulfilled, and Mary T. Upington, a grandniece of Mrs. Davy, brought a suit to ecover the property because of the non-compliance with the condition in the deed. On the trial of the case Justice Patterson directed a verdict in favor of Archbishop Corrigan, on the ground that it had not been shown by the plaintiff that a "reasonable time" had elapsed since the transfer of the property.

The General Term says that this was error, and that the space of twenty-unite years was an un-reasonable time in the absence of explanation. The judgment is reversed and a new trial ordered.

THE GOVERNMENT PAYING THE COSTS.

Judge Lacombe, in the United States Circuit Court yesterday awarded \$105,750 to the owners and lessee of the property at Bowling Green which the Government intended to use as a site for a new Custon House. The condemnation proceedings were discontinued, and the Government had to pay all the costs

PITS OF LEGAL NEWS.

A petition was presented to the General Term of the Supreme Ceurt yesterday for the disbarment of John K. Van Ness, the lawyer, who has recently teen arrested in criminal proceedings. The petition was offered by Frank H. Smiley. George F. Marlens appeared to defend Van Ness. ourt took the papers, the contents of which will not be made public until the decision of the court is an

in the suit of H. C. Miner against Augustin Daly to re-cover \$5,000, the sum which Miner had paid to Daly for the exclusive right to produce in this country the play of 'Reger La Honte," was yesterday affirmed by the Term of the Supreme Court.

firm d the decision of the lower court granting a judg ment of six cents against Eugene Tompkins and in favor of theocore Moss. Moss as lessee of the Star Tacatre made a contract with Tompkins, ly which the latter aomised to furnish a company to play "The Soudan" at the Star. The two men were to divide the profits equally. Before the time for the contract to be carried out Tompkins sent a notice to Moss that he would not

HE WAS DETERMINED TO ARREST A MAN.

HEANEY COULD GET NO WARRANT, BUT HE DRAGGED A STRANGER TO COURT.

John H. Henney entered the Tombs Police Court yesterday morning and demanded a warrant. He was under the influence of liquor at the time. He did not know where he lived nor why he wanted a warrant. The request was refused naturally, and the court officers advised Henney to go home. He followed the advice, but returned to court within thirty minutes, panting from exertion and diagging a much smaller man with him. A hundred people followed the two men to court. The unfortunate captive, who looked frightened and crestfallen, was Frank K. Morgan, a workman employed in the construction of a new building in Centre-st. Morgan, in pointive tones, told Justice Martin that Henney a warrant. The request was refused naturally, and in plaintive tones, told Justice Martin that Heaney had approached him as he was about to enter th house, grasped him by the collar and cried: "You are my prisoner." Believing that he was in the hands of a drunken policeman, Morgan says that he Monday, as he would be obliged to leave the ty at 4:30 o'clock that afternoon.

"Well," said. We can hold an executive session are at noon. We can hold an executive session and meet the Manhattan representatives after.

BARNARD COLLEGE TRUSTEES MEET.

The annual meeting of the Board of Trustees of the college building, No. 343 Madison-ave. The fol-"Oh!" Mr. Steinway exclaimed, "I want you to lowing officers were re-elected: Chairman of the "I am afraid," said Mr. Bushe, "that it will not be wise to do so. If you treat us as well as you W. Mable; treasurer, George A. Plimpton; Executive did once before we will not be in a condition to do busi-ness."

Committee, Mrs. Alfred Myer, Mrs. Seth Low, Miss ness."

Helen D. Brown and Miss Ella Weed. Mrs. Walter "Now, Mr. Steinway, you must acquit me of hint- Howe was elected a trustee. Interesting reports were read from the academic, finance, house and recently formed between Columbia College and the Teachers' College. The students of Barnard, there-fore, will enjoy the privilege of attending the lectures given at the latter institution.

PAUPER IMMIGRANTS DETAINED.

There was not much wealth in the steerage of the Hamburg-American steamer Dania, which arrived here When the immigrants were examined at Ell's Island the immigration officials learned that 150 of the steerage passengers were apparently destitute. Last evening several hundred of the passengers were temperarily detained. The immigrants brought to Ellis ports before the new immigration law went into effect s) the inspectors did not have as much trouble with them as they experienced with the passengers of the migrants on the Majestic who will be sent back to Europe. There was one man who had bought one of the tickets prescribed by the new law, and attempted answer the questions which were asked on the other side of the man whose name he had assumed the failed completely. The steamship company will be fined heavily for permitting him to take passage. The White Star Company will have to pay \$10 for permitting a child to come in the steerage of the Majestic whose name was not on the manifest, and there was an idiot on the same steamer who will be sent back.

A WARNING AGAINST SWINDLERS.

The Industrial Christian Alliance is being annoved by swindlers who are taking orders and collecting The public is warned that the Alliance collects for brooms only upon the delivery of them, and that all its goods bear its official label.

NOMINATIONS BY THE CATHOLIC CLUB. Charles V. Fornes has been renominated for presi-

dent of the Catholic Club, having already served four successive terms in that office, and will probably be again chosen at the annual election to be held on Thursday evening, May 25. The other regular nominations are Judge Joseph F. Daly, first vice-president; William H. Hurst, second vice-president; Joseph E. Owens, secretary; Philip B. Cavanagh, treasurer; Robert J. Hoguet, John T. Fenlen, P. C. Travers, John D. Desmond, Daniel F. O'Brien, Thomas F. Murtha, O. F. Melvin and John F. Martin, board of managers. The retiring managers are Joseph F. Malqueen, John P. Barron, Thomas S. Colton, John P. O'Erien and John F. Wallace.

TO LAY A CHAPEL'S CORNERSTONE.

The cornerstone of the new chapel building of the Old First" Presbyterian Church will be laid on Tuesday afternoon, at 4 o'clock. The chapel building is an extension of the church, and will contain social and guild rooms, in addition to the usual meeting rooms. The Rev. Dr. Howard Duffield, pastor of the church, will lay the cornerstone and conduct the ceremonies. He will be assisted by prominent clergymen of both denominations. The new building is of Gothic design and is at Fifth-ave, and Eleventh-st.

REFORMED PRESBYTERIANS TO MEET.

The seventieth session of the general synod of the First Church, this city, Twelfth-st., between Sixth and The opening sermon will be preached that evening by

WORLD'S COLUMBIAN EXPOSITION Will be of value to the world by illustrating the improvements in the mechanical arts, and eminent physicians will tell you that the progress in medicinal agents has been of equal importance, and as a strongthening laxative that Syrup of Figs is far in advance of all others.

pastor of the church is the Rev. James D. Steele. The Committee on Entertainment consists of Robert Abbott, chairman, general bookkeeper of the American News Company; William J. Yates and Samuel Hanna.

WHATA PASTORSEES AND HEARS

ITEMS OF PERSONAL INTEREST TO CHURCH

PEOPLE.

"The New-York Observer" celebrates this week its seventieth anniversary, and besides its regular edition reprints a facsimile of the first I-sue published on May 17, 1823. For half a century "The Observer" and Dr. Prime were synonymous, but interesting as was the paper under the elder Prime, to say that the new is even better than the old. Dr. Wendell Prime, a son, and Dr. Charles A. Stoddard Wendell Frime, a son, and Dr. Charles A. Stoddard, a son-in-law, of Dr. Prime, the Rev. R. M. Offord and Major Robinson are not only keeping up the substantial reputation of the paper, but adding to its virtues year by year. While strictly conservative, "The Observer' is not bigoted, and some of its friends have been disturbed because it has not spent the last year or two in assailing Higher Criticism and those who favor this movement. The editors believe that they have a work greater than that of being a party organ, and this work they are doing grandly.

The New-York Conference, at its meeting in farryown, besides giving \$10,000 to the university Washington, committed itself to the annuity plan, and its retired ministers will now be as independent in recelving necessary aid as are the officers of the army who retire on half pay. This is a grand step forward. In every denomination almost men who have served the Church faithfully, often giving more for missions and for church work than their income would per mit, have been treated as pensioners when ill-health misfortune compels them to retire from the active work of the ministry. There are those who think that the Church should educate its ministers regardless of the ability of the candidates to pay their own expenses; that it is as honorable for them to receive an edu-cation free as to receive their salary after they are in the ministry. But in these days of denominational interchange there would be danger that the church which gave the best education would have all the can-didates, while those that had less educational facilities didates, while those that had less educational facilities would receive the men when graduated. About forty conferences, including one-half of the Methodist ministry, have now accepted the annuity principle in the sustentation of superannuated preachers. It is hoped that before the next General Conference every annual conference will adopt this plan.

The May meeting of the Christian Endeavor Local Union will be held in the Madison Avenue Reformed Church next week. Dr. Kittredge will give the address of welcome Thursday evening; Miss Wishard, of ary Committee, and Dr. Duffield will make the closing address. The work in the city will receive special attention on Friday evening, Dr. Sanders and Dr. Schaufter being among the speakers.

The Rev. W. R. Harshaw, of the First Union Presbyterian Church in East Eighty-sixth-st., is preaching series of evening sermons on "Foundation Traths. His topics for May are: "Does Blood Cleanse?"
"Does Man Live Forever?" "What of the Future Life?" and "Helven or Hell-Which?" Mr. Harshaw, himself a young man, is doing excellent work among the young men in his parish. He is also serving the Presbytery as moderator with great ability, as his brother, now in Kansas, did some years ago.

The Rev. Dr. Charles H. Payne, secretary of the Board of Education of the Methodist Episcopal Church, the article in pamphlet form for gratuitous distribution. Dr. Payne says: "A chain of linked logic as strong as that which binds the universe together binds our subject upon the conscience of the church and the pulpit." These links are: (1) The incontrovertible fact that the liquor traffic is the greatest

The closing lecture of the Church Club series will take place to-morrow afternoon in St. Thomas's Church, when Dr. Theodore M. Riley, of Wisconsin, will discuss "The second and Third Councils of Con-stantinopic."

DIAMOND IMPORTERS WANT CHEAPER RATES. An effort will be made by the importers of diamond:

and precious stones in this city to secure a reduction and Alfred H. Smith went to Washington on Thursday to try and arrange a plan which would result in lowering if not abolishing the charges of impossible in the was a noticeable loss of strength and the natural vivaciousness of her nature had disappeared. It was generally thought she must die, as none of the physicians who attended her correct the control of the physicians who attended her correct the control of the physicians who attended her correct the control of the physicians who attended her correct the control of the physicians who attended her correct the control of the control of the physicians who attended her correct the control of the physicians who attended her correct the control of the control of the physicians who attended her correct the control of the physicians who attended her correct the control of the physicians who attended her correct the control of the physicians who attended her correct the control of the physicians who attended her correct the physicians who attended her correct the correct the physicians who attended her correct the physicians The plan is to have a law passed which would permit the importers to have their goods sent by registered mail addressed to them care of the Cellector come to a satisfactory agreement with the steamship

companies regarding the charges for transportation. The following firms subscribed to the agreement by which the committee is authorized to act: Stern Bros. & Co., Hodenpyl & Sons, L. & M. Kahn & Co., loseph Frankel's Sons, Veuve L. B. Citroen & Co., Herzog, Goldsmith & Frank, Oppenheimer Bros. & Vieth, Morris Prager, Louis Strasburger & Co., Henry Dreyfus & Co., Churles F. Wood & Co., Louis Kaiser & Luthy, Albert Lorsch & Co., Hayden W. Wheeler & Co., Bruhl Bros. & Co., Falkman, Oppenheimer & Co., Echberg & Co., Max Freund & Co., Maurice Well, Wallace & Schiele, Sol. Lenderbern, William S. Hedges & Co., Levisohn & Co., Goodman Bros., Elsenmann Bros., Alfred H. Smith & Co., Heilbronn & Blank, M. Fox & Co., H. C. Hardy & Co., E. August Neresheimer & Co., Kuhn, Deurflinger & Co., Ludwig, Nissen & Co., Ludeke & Power, R. A. Kipling, E. E. Kipling, Henry E. Oppenheimer & Co., John F. Saunders, and C. Cottler & Son.

HE USED HIS CORNET TO STRIKE PASSERS-BY. Policeman Kineagh saw a crazy man with a cornet in his hand striking at men and women at Four-teenth-st, and First-ave, early yesterday morning and tried to arrest bim. The crazy man struck him over the head with the cornet. Kineagh whistled for assistance and Policeman Schroeder belped to overpower the man. In the police station in East Twenty-second st. the man said he was Jacob Becker. a musician, thirty-seven years o'M, and lived at No. 64 East Fourth-st. He did not live there but was known in the restaurant there. It was said that he was a good cornet player when he was sober, but a madman when he was drunk. He was sent to Belle-vue Hospital.

FOR THE EPISCOPAL CHURCH CONGRESS.

It is announced that the fifteerth session of the Episcopal Church Congress will be held in this city on decay of Bishop Potter. All the topics have not yet been fully decided on by the Executive Committee, but it is intended that they shall be of vital and present interest. Among the clergymen who will speak are Bishops Potter, Razdolph and Jackson, Bishop-elect Lawrence, of Massachusetts, and the Rev. Drs. Greer, McKim, Walpole, Richey, Parks, Rainsford, Hodges, Vinton, J. H. Johnson, J. P. Peters, Shipman, Floyd Tomkins, Frisby, Charles H. Hall. C. A. L. Richards, Thomas F. Gallor, C. S. Olmstend,

The Church Congress has no judicial, legislative or representative powers. It is simply a free parlia-Church can express their opinions on the various questions of the day, especially those within the purview of religion. Its president is the bishop of th purview of religion. Its president is the bishop of the diocese in which its sessions are held. Its managment is vested in a general Executive Committee of representative elergymen and laymen. The Rev. Dr. George D. Wides, of Riverdale, in this city, is its general secretary. He was one of its founders, and has from the start been indefatigable in promoting the interests of the Congress. There is to be an Episcopal Congress held this summer in connection with the World's Fair ir Chicago, but it will be merely a local gathering, under the presidency of the Bishop of Chicago.

Judgment for \$2,546 was yesterday entered against River National Bank on a note dated February 13, payable in thirty days.

SHE TRIED TO KILL HERSELF WITH RAT POISON Rose Gruen, the young wife of William Gruen,

a waiter, living at No. 418 East Pourteenth-st., made an attempt to kill herself with rat poison yesterday. seventh aves., on Wednesday evening, at 8 o'clock. said to be in a critical condition late in the afternoon Gruen and his wife had been married about a year the retiring moderator, the Rev. David McKinney, of A few months ago she tried to kill herself by soaking Cincinnati. The business sessions will be held mornimatches and drinking the water. She recovered from the effects of the poison then, but she not tell why she had wished to die. They bired rooms recently in the house in Fourteenth st. Yesrooms when Gruen noticed some green substance on his yile's lips, and asked her if she had been taking AN ILLINOIS MIRACLE.

A CASE OF DEEP INTEREST TO WOMEN EVERYWHERE

SAVED THROUGH A CASUAL GLANCE AT A NEWS. PAPER-WEAK, PALE AND IN A DEPLORA-BLE CONDITION WHEN RELIEF CAME-

A REMARKABLE NARRATIVE CARE-FULLY INVESTIGATED BY A DUBUQUE TIMES RE-

(Dubuque, Iowa, Times.)

Among the peculiar conditions with which the people of the present age are endowed is a remarkable capacity for doubting. A full belief only comes after a careful investigation, and after positive proofs have been presented. Current report said there had been a remarkable cure in the case of a lady of Savanna, Ill., but as current report is not always accurate, and as the story told was one possessing deep interest for the public, "The Times" determined upon a thorough investigation into the matter. The result of this investigation proved that not only was the story true, but that the case was even mor remarkable then the public had been given to understant

Mr. A. R. Kenyon lives on Chicago-ave., Savanna, Ill. and it was there the reporter sought him to learn of the siekn as of his wife, and the cure of which so much t being said. Arrived there, Mrs. Kenyon told your porter the following: "I was born in Warren County, New-York, thirty-three

to Savanna seven years ago. With the exception of being at times subject to violent sick headaches I considered myself a healthy woman up to five years ago. At that time I was very much run down and an easy prey to the ever present malaria in and about the Mississippi bottom lands. I was taken violently ill and during the suc-ceeding five or six months was the greater part of the time ceeding five or six months was the greater part of the time helpless. The local physicians said I had been affected by malurial and intermittent fever. I continually grew weaker and finally went to see Dr. McAvey, of Clinton, Iowa, who is reputed to be one of the ablest physicians in the Missi-sippi valley. He treated me for a time with-out beneficial effects, and finally told me he thought he could help me if I would absolutely abstain from work. That was not to be thought of. If able to go about I had to look after my household duties. I then consulted retain the medicine he gave me and he came to the con-clusion that my stomach was badly diseased. Occasionally to Dr. Maloney and he pronounced it a case of heart trouble. He helped me temporarily, but like the rest said I must stop all work or nothing could be done for me. All this time I had grown weaker and paler until I was in All this time I had grown weaker and paper until I was an a deplorable condition. I had a continual feeling of tiredness, my muscular power was nearly gone, and I could not go up half a dozen steps without resting, and often that much exercise would cause me to have a termble pain in my side. Seemingly the blood had left my veins. I was pale as death; my lips were blue and cold and I had given up all hope of ever being better. About the first of April last a young man boarding with us received a Fulton III., paper. It was his home paper seas him by his mother. I picked it up one day and in casually glaneing over its columns, came across an account of a marvellous cure through the use of Dr. Williams' Pink Pills for Pale People. Candidly, I did not believe the story, and when my husband suggested that it would do no harm for me to try the pills I laughed at the idea. He insisted and I submitted, but I had no faith whatever in the pills. My husband sent for two boxes and I took them. When these had been used I was somewhat improved in health. I continued their use and felt I was growing stronger, my sleep refreshed me and it seemed veins. I was pale as death; my lips were blue and cold pleased the Editor of a Pennsylvania paper so much that he has published an edition of 5,000 copies of the article in pamphlet form for modulation of 1,000 copies of the article in pamphlet form for modulation of 1,000 copies of the article in pamphlet form for modulation of 1,000 copies of the article in pamphlet form for modulation of 1,000 copies of the pamphlet form for modulation of 1,000 copies of 1,000 c now consider myself a healthy, rugged woman. My house is full of boarders and I superintend all the work myself. In other words I work all the time and am happy all the time. I am positive that Dr. Williams Pink Pills for Pale People saved my life and I believe there are thousands of women who could find great relief if they used them. The sick headaches I was subject to from girlhood have disappeared and I have not had a single attack since I commenced taking Dr. Williams' Pink

"Were there any disagreeable effects from the r

"Were there any disagreeded with the word whatever," replied Mrs. Kenyon, "They are pleasant to take and the conditions imposed by the directions are easily complied with. In common parlance I took Pink Pills and they did the rest." Mrs. Kenyon I took Pink Pills and they did the rest." Mrs. Kenyon stated that all her neighbors knew of her former condition and her restoration, and one of them was called in, and when asked of her knowledge of the case said,—"I have been intimately acquainted with Mrs. Kenyon, and know of her illness. I look upon her recovery as something marvellous. It is surely the unexpected that happened in her case. Of my own knowledge she was reduced to a mere shadow; was the palest and moss ghost-like person I had ever seen. Hers was a remarkable case. She would be helpless one day and the new would be supervising the work of her house, but all the time there was a noticeable loss of strength and the natural her in the least. I was fold of the state of a state of

these days I would be pleased to know how to describe a case of this kind."

It is a remarkable case. There is no reason to doubt the sickness of Mrs. Kenyon and in just the form she describes it. Hundreds of people in that immediate neighborhood are fully conversant with the facts of both sickness and cure, and discuss it with sympathizing estrictures. But few persons have gone so close to the dividing line between life and eternity and returned; and from the facts stated there is but a single conclusion to be drawn—Dr. Williams' Pink Pills for Pale People did it. Dr. Williams' Pink Pills are a perfect blood builder and nerver ristoper, enring such discases as rheumatism, neural-gia, partial paralysis, locomotor ataxia, St. Vitus' dance, nervous headache, nervous prostration and the tired feeling resulting therefrom, the after effects of in grippe, innuenza and severe colds, diseases depending on humors in the blood, such as scrofula, chronic crysipelas, etc., Pink Pills give a healthy glow to pale and sallow complexions, and are a specific for the troubles peculiar to the female system, and in the case of men they effect a radical cure, in all cases arising from mental worry, overwork or expresses of any nature.

radical cure, in all cases arising from mental worly, over-work or excesses of any nature.

These Pills are manufactured by the Dr. Williams' Medicine Conpany, Schenectady, N. Y., and Brockville, Ont., and are sold only in boxes bearing the firm's trade mark and wrapper, at 50 cents a box or six boxes for \$2.50. Bear in mind that Dr. Williams' Pink Pills are never sold in bulk, or by the dozen or hundred, and any dealer who offers substitutes in this form is trying to denever sold in bulk, or by the dozen or hundred, and any dealer who offers substitutes in this form is trying to defraud you and should be avoided. The public are also cautioned against all other so-called blood-builders and nerve tonics, no matter what name may be given them. They are all imitations whose makers hope to reap a pecuniary advantage from the wonderful reputation achieved by Dr. Williams' Pink Pills. Ask your dealer for Dr. Williams' Pink Pills for Pale People, and refuse all imita

tions and substitutes. Dr. Williams' Pink Pills may be had of all druggists or direct by mail from Dr. Williams' Medicine Company from either address. The price at which these puls are sold make a course of treatment comparatively inexpensive as compared with other remedies or medical treatment.

the house. A policeman who was called to the nouse sent for an ambulance to take Mrs. Gruen to the nospital. Her husband salt she was only twenty-two years old. She refused to tell why she had taken the poison, but it was believed that she was

THE PSI UPSILON CONVENTION.

Asa W. Tenney, president of the Psi Upsilon Convention banquet, at Springfield, Mass., on Friday evening of next week, has been unusually successful in previding an attractive and 1 stable list of speakers for that interesting college affair. Among the members of the fraternity whose positive ac-ceptance of invitations to speak has been received are ex-Governor Alexander H. Rice, of Massachusetts and the Union College Chapter; Senator Joseph R. Hawley and Charles Dudley Warner, of the Hamil College Chapter; Professor Arthur Sherburne Hardy, of the Amherst Chapter, and Lieutenant-Governor William B. Halle, of Massachusetts; Judge E. B. Maynard, of Springfield, Mass., both of the Dartmouth Chapter. The Rev. Dr. George R. Van De Water, of New-York, of the Lehigh University Chapter, will be chaplain of the dinner, and Halsey J. Boardman, of Boston, orator of the public literary exercises of the cenvention at Hanover, N. H., on Thursday, and Speaker William E. Barrett, president of the public xercises, will be present. It is expected that President-elect Tucker, of Dartmouth, who was lately enident-elect Tucker, of Dartmouth, who was lately entertained by Mr. Tenney at his Brooklyn home, will attend. The dinner is the closing function of the General Convention of the fraternity, which takes piace on Thursday and Friday next, at Hanover, N. H., with the Dartmouth Chapter, and will be attended by representatives of each of the twenty chapters of the fraternity. It is expected that a considerable number of Psi Upsions from New-York, and its vicinity will attend the banquet; and if the number should be sufficient, a special car will be provided for their accommediation.

What is Drudgery? Housekeeping GOLD DUST Washing Powder.